

Features

- 2.7V to 5.5V Input Voltage Range
- Input over voltage protection at 6V
- 40uA quiescent current in operation
- Output current up to 1A

- OCP, SCP and OTP protection

Efficiency up to 95%

SOT23-5L package

Applications

- Set-top Box
- Solid State Drive
- WIFI and Network Devices
- Security surveillance system

- Toys
- TV
- All other electronic devices

General Description

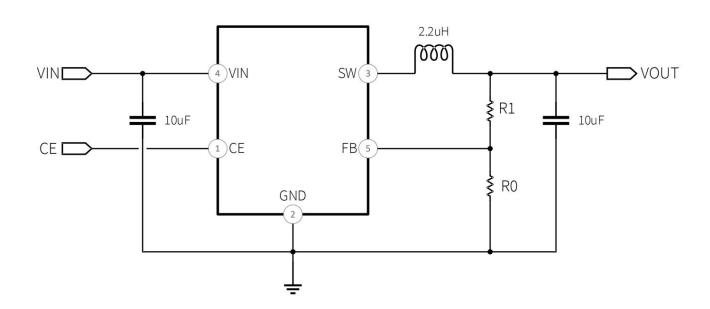
The HMM3410 is a compact 5V Buck Converter which can deliver 1A output current.

HM3410 employs a proprietary control loop to achieve a fast transient load response. It keeps high converting efficiency in both light load and heavy load. HM3410 is equipped with all kinds of protection, such as input over voltage protection, output short circuit protection, over current protection and over temperature protection.

HM3410 is consists of internal power tree generator, bandgap voltage reference under-Voltagelockout (UVLO) module, error amplifier, protection circuitry, driver block, current sensing block and two power MOSFETs.

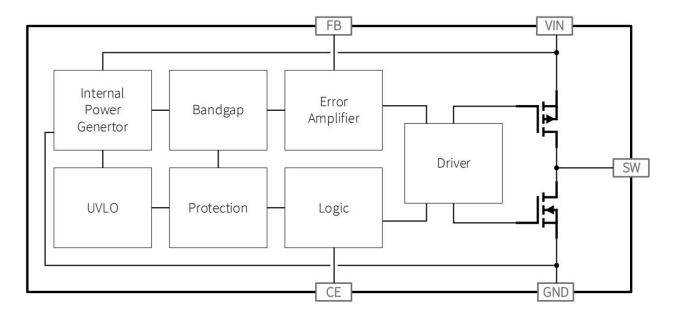
HM3410 is housed in a SOT23-5L package.

Typical Application

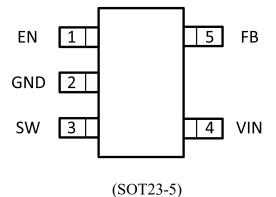




Block Diagram



Package/order Information



The package of HM3410 is SOT23-5L, with pin assignment shown in following table:

Pin Description

| PIN | NAME | FUNCTION |
|-----|------|--|
| 1 | EN | Chip enable pin, pull high to turn on the chip. |
| 2 | GND | Ground Pin |
| 3 | SW | The switching node, connecting a 2.2uH inductor to this node |
| 4 | VIN | The input power node, connecting a 10uF capacitor to ground. |
| 5 | FB | Feedback node, with Vfb at 0.6V |



Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Item | Min | Max | Unit |
|---|------------|---------|------|
| V _{IN} voltage ⁽¹⁾ | -0.3 | 6.0 | V |
| V _{OUT} voltage (1) | -0.3 | 5.5 | V |
| Continuous Power Dissipation ($TA = 25^{\circ}C$) (2) | | | |
| Power dissipation | Internally | Limited | |
| Operating junction temperature, T _J | -40 | 125 | °C |
| Storage temperature, T _{stg} | -65 | 150 | °C |
| Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10sec.) | | 260 | °C |

| Symbol | Parameter | Max. | Unit |
|--------|-----------------------------------|------|------|
| θја | Thermal Resistance ⁽³⁾ | 170 | °C/W |
| θјС | Thermal Resistance | 75 | °C/W |

Note (1): Exceeding these ratings may damage the device.

Note (2): The maximum allowable power dissipation is a function of the maximum junction temperature TJ(MAX), the junction-toambient thermal resistance θ JA, and the ambient temperature TA. The maximum allowable continuous power dissipation at any ambient temperature is calculated by PD(MAX)=(TJ(MAX)-TA)/ θ JA. Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation will cause excessive die temperature, and the regulator will go into thermal shutdown. Internal thermal shutdown circuitry protects the device from permanent damage.

Note (3): Measured on JESD51-7, 4-layer PCB.



Electrical Charcteristics

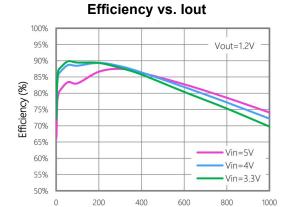
 $V_{IN}\!\!=\!\!5V\!,\,T_A\!\!=\!\!25^{\circ}C,$ unless otherwise specified.

| Parameter | Conditions | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------|------|-------|--------------|
| Input Voltage Range | | 2.7 | | 5.5 | V |
| Input over voltage protection | | 5.8 | 6 | 6.5 | V |
| Quiescent current, IQ | $V_{IN} = 5.0V$ | 20 | 40 | 60 | μA |
| Shutdown current, Ioff | $V_{\rm IN}$ =5.0V , $V_{\rm CE}$ =0 | | 0. | 2.0 | μA |
| Input voltage UVLO | Rising | | 2.55 | 2.65 | V |
| input voltage & v E& | Falling | 2.25 | 2.37 | | V |
| Feedback Voltage | $V_{\rm IN}$ =5.0 V | 0.588 | 0.6 | 0.612 | V |
| Output current Limit | $V_{IN} = 5.0V, V_{OUT} = 3.3V$ | 1 | 1.2 | | A |
| Line regulation | $V_{IN} = 3$ to 5.0V | | 0.2 | | %/V |
| Load regulation | $I_{OUT} = 0.1 - 1A$ | | 0.1 | 2 | %/A |
| Switching frequency | $V_{IN} = 5.0V$ | 1 | 1.5 | 2 | MHz |
| ON resistance PMOS | $V_{IN} = 5.0V$ | | 0.38 | | Ω |
| ON resistance NMOS | $V_{IN} = 5.0 V$ | | 0.25 | | Ω |
| CE input threshold ON | $V_{IN} = 5.0V$ | | 0.9 | 11 | V |
| CE input threshold OFF | $V_{IN} = 5.0V$ | 0.4 | 0.7 | | V |
| CE input pull down resistor | | | 750 | | kΩ |
| Output discharge resistor, Rpd | $V_{IN} = 5.0V$ | | 600 | | Ω |
| Over temperature protection | | | 150 | | $^{\circ}$ |
| OTP hysteresis | | | 40 | | \mathbb{C} |

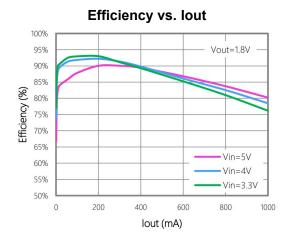


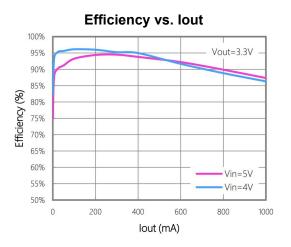
Typical Performance Characteristics

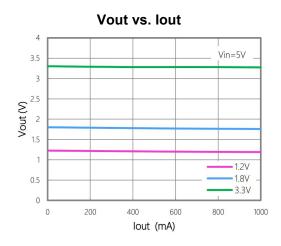
CIN=COUT=10uF, TA = 25°C, unless otherwise specified.

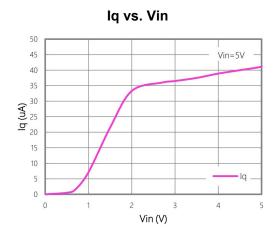


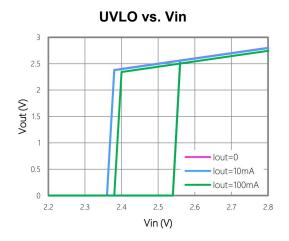
lout (mA)



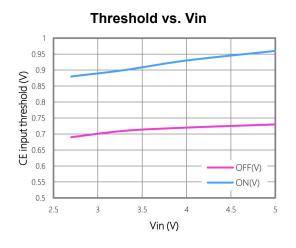


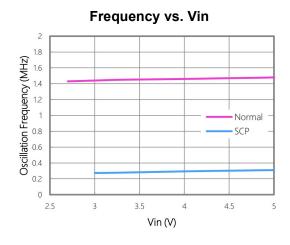


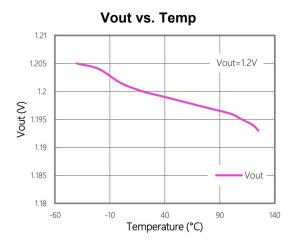


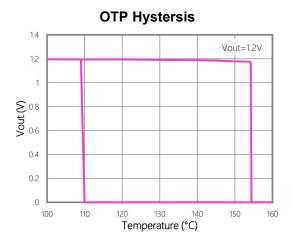


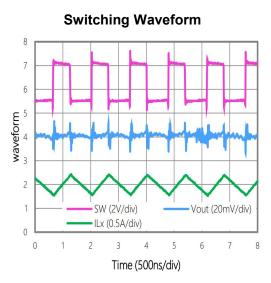


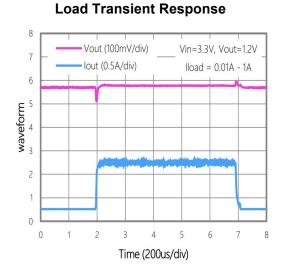


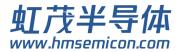


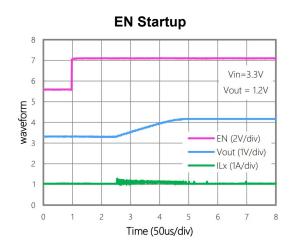


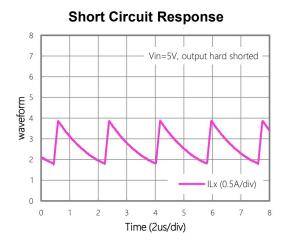












Applications Information

Output Voltage Setting

HM3410's feedback voltage is set at 0.6V, and it requires a resistor from FB node to ground, named R0, which is suggested to be less than 120K. Assuming the resistor between output node and FVB node is R1, the output voltage of DC-DC converting system is given by:

$$Vout = \frac{0.6V}{R0} \times (R1+R0)$$

Capacitor Selection

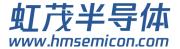
HM3410 requires one minimal 10uF MLCC capacitor at VIN node and one 10uF MLCC capacitor at VOUT node, however, it is always recommended to have two 10uF MLCC capacitors placed in parallel both at VIN and VOUT node to minimize the noise and withstand the current surge. It is also essential to place both input capacitors and output capacitors as close to HM3410's VIN pin and VOUT pin as possible. An PCB layout example is shown at PCB layout recommendation section.

Inductor Selection

HM3410 works at a 1.5MHz oscillating frequency which helps to have a small voltage ripple at output. And 2.2uH inductor is found the most suitable value while meeting requirements on small output voltage ripple as well as a high-power conversion efficiency.

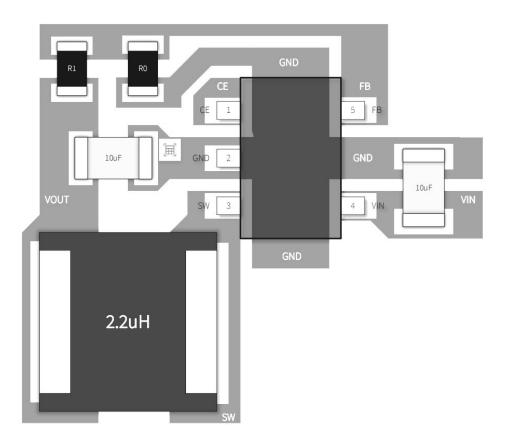
Thermal Considerations

Though HM3410 is a high efficiency DC/DC converter, there will always be some power lost during conversion, most of which becomes heat to make junction temperature higher. PCB design to ensure a good heat dissipation is important. Because the heat dissipation of the SOT23-5L package is conducted through the pin No. 2, which is GND node of HM3410, please make sure the ground plate of PCB is big enough to carry away the heat generated in the chip.



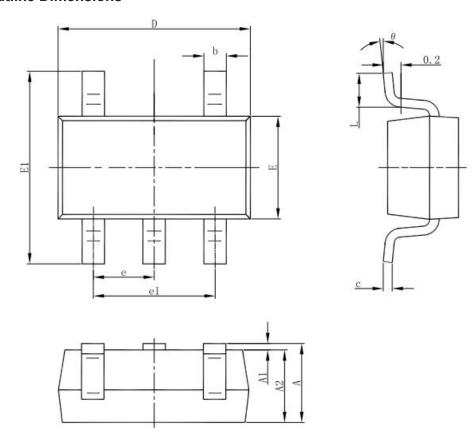
PCB Layout

An illustration of PCB layout recommendation with key elements is laid out as following. Please follow this PCB instruction to place the key peripheral devices such as input capacitors, output capacitors and inductor. And star-like connection for ground node is essential. And keeping power loop area as small as possible will improve the EMI performance.





Package Description SOT23-5 Outline Dimensions



| Cb.a.l | Dimensions In | Millimeters | Dimensions | In Inches |
|--------|---------------|-------------|------------|-----------|
| Symbol | Min | Max | Min | Max |
| Α | 1.050 | 1.250 | 0.041 | 0.049 |
| A1 | 0.000 | 0.100 | 0.000 | 0.004 |
| A2 | 1.050 | 1.150 | 0.041 | 0.045 |
| b | 0.300 | 0.500 | 0.012 | 0.020 |
| С | 0.100 | 0.200 | 0.004 | 0.008 |
| D | 2.820 | 3.020 | 0.111 | 0.119 |
| E | 1.500 | 1.700 | 0.059 | 0.067 |
| E1 | 2.650 | 2.950 | 0.104 | 0.116 |
| е | 0.950(BSC) | | 0.037(| BSC) |
| e1 | 1.800 | 2.000 | 0.071 | 0.079 |
| L | 0.300 | 0.600 | 0.012 | 0.024 |
| θ | 0° | 8° | 0° | 8° |